







Size: DN 3/8" to 4"

Ends: Female BSP

Min Temperature : - 10°C Max Temperature : + 100°C Max Pressure : 16 Bars

Specifications: All positions

Female / Female Nylon throttle

Materials: Brass body CW617N



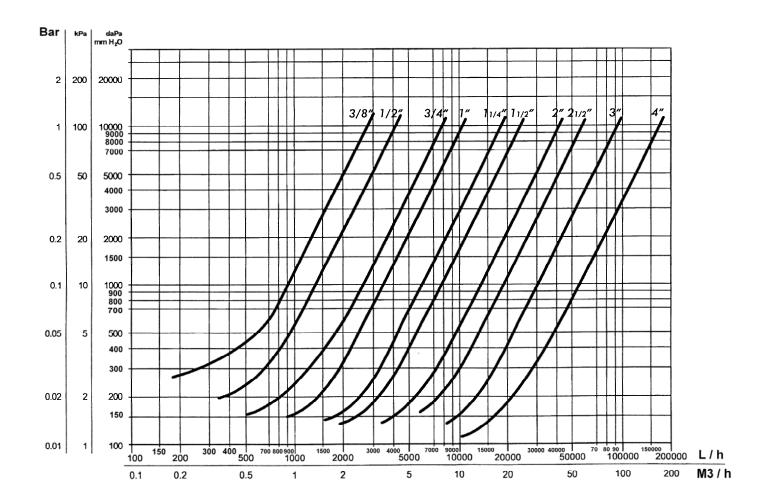
SPECIFICATIONS:

- All positions (respect the flow direction indicated by the arrow)
- Female / female type
- Nylon throttle
- · Perfect centering of the throttle on the seat thanks to the double axial and lateral guidance
- Low opening pressure
- · Better mechanical strength thanks to the brass CW617N body
- All positions with SS 304 spring
- · Excellent low and high pressure tightness thanks to the NBR gasket

USE:

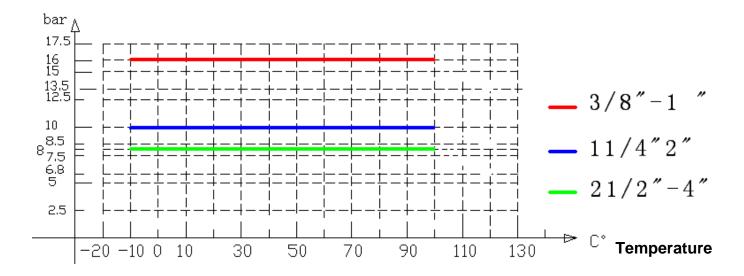
- · Heating, drinkable water, cold and hot water
- Min Temperature Ts: 10°C
- Max Temperature Ts :+ 100°C
- Max Pressure Ps: 16 bars up to DN 1", 10 bars DN 1"1/4 to 2" and 8 bars over

HEAD LOSS:





PRESSURE / TEMPERATURE GRAPH (STEAM EXCLUDED) :



OPENING PRESSURE:

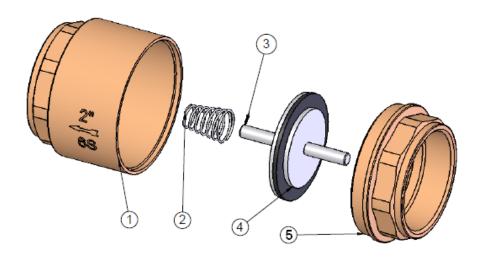
Opening pressure between 20 and 200 mbar

RANGE:

• Threaded female BSP cylindrical DN 3/8" to DN 4"



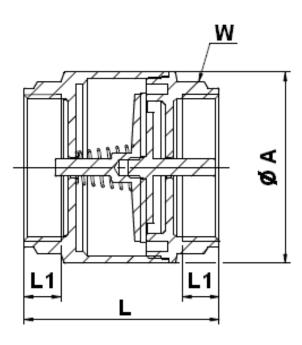
MATERIALS:



Item	Designation	Materials
1	Body	Brass CW 617 N according to EN 12165
2	Spring	AISI 304
3	Throttle	Nylon
4	Gasket	NBR
5	Bonnet	Brass CW 617 N according to EN 12165



SIZE (in mm):



Ref.	DN	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1"1/4	1"1/2	2"	2"1/2	3"	4"
306	Ø A	30	30	37	44.5	55	62	78	97	111	140
	L	41.5	47.5	51	58	64	71	79.5	94	102	123
	L1	9	11	11	12	14	16	15	20	22	23.5
	W	19.5	24.5	30	37	47	53.5	67	82	95	120
	Weight (Kg)	0.092	0.111	0.156	0.251	0.36	0.49	0.784	1.265	1.731	2.751



STANDARDS:

- Fabrication according to ISO 9001 :2008 and ISO 14001 : 2004
- DIRECTIVE 2014/68/EU: Products excluded from directive (Article 4, § 3)
- French water agreement A.C.S. N° 17 ACC LY 543
- Threaded female BSP cylindrical ends according to ISO 228-1

ADVICE: Our opinion and our advice are not guaranteed and SFERACO shall not be liable for the consequences of damages. The customer must check the right choice of the products with the real service conditions.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL GUIDELINES:

- Ensure that the check valves to be used are appropriate for the conditions of the installation (type of fluid,pressure and temperature).
- Be sure to have enough valves to be able to isolate the sections of piping as well as the appropriate equipment for maintenance and repair.
- Ensure that the valves to be installed are of correct strength to be able to support the capacity of their usage.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS:

- Before installing the check valves, clean and remove any objects from the pipes (in particular bits of sealing and metal) which could obstruct and block the valves.
- Ensure that both connecting pipes either side of the check valve (upstream and downstream) are aligned (if they're not,the valves may not work correctly).
- Make sure that the two sections of the pipe (upstream and downstream) match, the check valve unit
 will not absorb any gaps. Any distortions in the pipes may affect the thightness of the
 connection, the working of the check valve and can even cause a rupture. To be sure, place the kit in
 position to ensure the assembling will work.
- Before starting the fitting, ensure that the threads and tapping are clean.
- If sections of piping do not have their final support in place, they should be temporarily fixed. This is to avoid unnecessary strain on the check valve.
- The theoretical lenghts given by ISO/R7 for the tapping are typically longer than required, the lenght of the
 thread should be limited, and check that the end of the tube does not press right up to the head of the
 thread.
- For the sealing assembly check valve piping, it is essential to use products that are compatible with the requirements of the French water agreement ACS: plumbers hemp proscribed.
- If mounting on an air conditioning with PER tubing and hoses, it is necessary to support the tubes and hoses with the fixing to avoid strain on the check valve.
- When screwing the check valve, ensure that you only rotate on screwed side by the 6 ended side. Use an open ended spanner or an adjustable spanner and not a monkey wrench.
- Never use a vice to tighten the fixings of the check valve.
- Do not over tighten the check valve. Do not block with any extensions as it may cause a rupture or weakening of the casing.
- In general, for all check valves used in buildings and heating, do not tighten above a torque of 30 Nm.
- If there is a direction changing or if there's another material, it's better to take away the check valve so that it is outside the turbulence area (**between 3 and 5 times the ND before and after**).

After a pump please refer to norm NF CR 13932 to install the check v